

```
#!/bin/sh
# Copyright Abandoned 1996 TCX DataKonsult AB & Monty Program KB &
Detron HB
# This file is public domain and comes with NO WARRANTY of any kind
# This file shows the changes needed to fix the MySQL startup and
# PrefPane issues that exist with MacOS X Snow Leopard
# Added text is in red and bold. No text has been deleted.
# This file lives at /usr/local/mysql/support-files/mysql.server

# MySQL daemon start/stop script.

# Usually this is put in /etc/init.d (at least on machines SYSV R4 based
# systems) and linked to /etc/rc3.d/S99mysql and /etc/rc0.d/K01mysql.
# When this is done the mysql server will be started when the machine is
# started and shut down when the systems goes down.

# Comments to support chkconfig on RedHat Linux
# chkconfig: 2345 64 36
# description: A very fast and reliable SQL database engine.

# Comments to support LSB init script conventions
### BEGIN INIT INFO
# Provides: mysql
# Required-Start: $local_fs $network $remote_fs
# Should-Start: ypbind nscd ldap ntpd xntpd
# Required-Stop: $local_fs $network $remote_fs
# Default-Start: 2 3 4 5
# Default-Stop: 0 1 6
# Short-Description: start and stop MySQL
# Description: MySQL is a very fast and reliable SQL database engine.
### END INIT INFO

# If you install MySQL on some other places than ., then you
# have to do one of the following things for this script to work:
#
# - Run this script from within the MySQL installation directory
# - Create a /etc/my.cnf file with the following information:
# [mysqld]
# basedir=<path-to-mysql-installation-directory>
# - Add the above to any other configuration file (for example ~/.my.ini)
# and copy my_print_defaults to /usr/bin
# - Add the path to the mysql-installation-directory to the basedir variable
# below.
```

```

#
# If you want to affect other MySQL variables, you should make your
changes
# in the /etc/my.cnf, ~/.my.cnf or other MySQL configuration files.

# If you change base dir, you must also change datadir. These may get
# overwritten by settings in the MySQL configuration files.

basedir=
datadir=

# Default value, in seconds, after which the script should timeout waiting
# for server start.
# Value here is overridden by value in my.cnf.
# 0 means don't wait at all
# Negative numbers mean to wait indefinitely
service_startup_timeout=900

# Lock directory for RedHat / SuSE.
lockdir='/var/lock/subsys'
lock_file_path="$lockdir/mysql"

# The following variables are only set for letting mysql.server find things.

# Set some defaults
mysqld_pid_file_path=
if test -z "$basedir"
then
# bug fix
# basedir=.
basedir=/usr/local/mysql
bindir=./bin
if test -z "$datadir"
then
    datadir=/usr/local/mysql/data
fi
sbindir=./bin
libexecdir=./bin
else
bindir="$basedir/bin"
if test -z "$datadir"
then
    datadir="$basedir/data"

```

```

fi
  sbindir="$basedir/sbin"
  libexecdir="$basedir/libexec"
fi

# datadir_set is used to determine if datadir was set (and so should be
# *not* set inside of the --basedir= handler.)
datadir_set=

#
# Use LSB init script functions for printing messages, if possible
#
lsb_functions="/lib/lsb/init-functions"
if test -f $lsb_functions ; then
  . $lsb_functions
else
  log_success_msg()
  {
    echo " SUCCESS! $@"
  }
  log_failure_msg()
  {
    echo " ERROR! $@"
  }
fi

PATH="/sbin:/usr/sbin:/bin:/usr/bin:$basedir/bin"
export PATH

mode=$1    # start or stop

[ $# -ge 1 ] && shift

other_args="$*"    # uncommon, but needed when called from an RPM
upgrade action
    # Expected: "--skip-networking --skip-grant-tables"
    # They are not checked here, intentionally, as it is the responsibility
    # of the "spec" file author to give correct arguments only.

case `echo "testingc"`, `echo -n testing` in
  *c*,-n*) echo_n= echo_c=    ;;
  *c*,*)  echo_n=-n echo_c=   ;;

```

```

*)    echo_n= echo_c='c' ;;
esac

parse_server_arguments() {
for arg do
case "$arg" in
--basedir=*) basedir=`echo "$arg" | sed -e 's/^[^=]*=//`
bindir="$basedir/bin"
if test -z "$datadir_set"; then
datadir="$basedir/data"
fi
sbindir="$basedir/sbin"
libexecdir="$basedir/libexec"
;;
--datadir=*) datadir=`echo "$arg" | sed -e 's/^[^=]*=//`
datadir_set=1
;;
--pid-file=*) mysqld_pid_file_path=`echo "$arg" | sed -e
's/^[^=]*=//` ;;
--service-startup-timeout=*) service_startup_timeout=`echo "$arg" |
sed -e 's/^[^=]*=//` ;;
esac
done
}

wait_for_pid () {
verb="$1"          # created | removed
pid="$2"          # process ID of the program operating on the pid-file
pid_file_path="$3" # path to the PID file.

i=0
avoid_race_condition="by checking again"

while test $i -ne $service_startup_timeout ; do

case "$verb" in
'created')
# wait for a PID-file to pop into existence.
test -s "$pid_file_path" && i=" " && break
;;
'removed')
# wait for this PID-file to disappear
test ! -s "$pid_file_path" && i=" " && break

```

```

;;
*)
    echo "wait_for_pid () usage: wait_for_pid created|removed pid
pid_file_path"
    exit 1
;;
esac

# if server isn't running, then pid-file will never be updated
if test -n "$pid"; then
    if kill -0 "$pid" 2>/dev/null; then
        : # the server still runs
    else
        # The server may have exited between the last pid-file check and
now.
        if test -n "$avoid_race_condition"; then
            avoid_race_condition=""
            continue # Check again.
        fi

        # there's nothing that will affect the file.
        log_failure_msg "The server quit without updating PID file
($pid_file_path)."
        return 1 # not waiting any more.
    fi
fi

    echo $echo_n ".$echo_c"
    i=`expr $i + 1`
    sleep 1

done

if test -z "$i" ; then
    log_success_msg
    return 0
else
    log_failure_msg
    return 1
fi
}

# Get arguments from the my.cnf file,

```

```

# the only group, which is read from now on is [mysqld]
if test -x ./bin/my_print_defaults
then
    print_defaults="./bin/my_print_defaults"
elif test -x $bindir/my_print_defaults
then
    print_defaults="$bindir/my_print_defaults"
elif test -x $bindir/mysql_print_defaults
then
    print_defaults="$bindir/mysql_print_defaults"
else
    # Try to find basedir in /etc/my.cnf
    conf=/etc/my.cnf
    print_defaults=
    if test -r $conf
    then
        subpat='^[^=]*basedir[^=]*=(.*)$'
        dirs=`sed -e "/$subpat/!d" -e 's//1/' $conf`
        for d in $dirs
        do
            d=`echo $d | sed -e 's/[ ]//g'`
            if test -x "$d/bin/my_print_defaults"
            then
                print_defaults="$d/bin/my_print_defaults"
                break
            fi
            if test -x "$d/bin/mysql_print_defaults"
            then
                print_defaults="$d/bin/mysql_print_defaults"
                break
            fi
        done
    fi
fi

# Hope it's in the PATH ... but I doubt it
test -z "$print_defaults" && print_defaults="my_print_defaults"
fi

#
# Read defaults file from 'basedir'.  If there is no defaults file there
# check if it's in the old (depricated) place (datadir) and read it from there
#

```

```

extra_args=""
if test -r "$basedir/my.cnf"
then
    extra_args="-e $basedir/my.cnf"
else
    if test -r "$datadir/my.cnf"
    then
        extra_args="-e $datadir/my.cnf"
    fi
fi

parse_server_arguments ` $print_defaults $extra_args mysqld server
mysql_server mysql.server`

#
# Set pid file if not given
#
if test -z "$mysqld_pid_file_path"
then
# bug fix
# mysqld_pid_file_path=$datadir/`hostname`.pid
mysqld_pid_file_path=$datadir/`/bin/hostname`.pid
else
    case "$mysqld_pid_file_path" in
        /* ) ;;
        * ) mysqld_pid_file_path="$datadir/$mysqld_pid_file_path" ;;
    esac
fi

case "$mode" in
'start')
    # Start daemon

    # Safeguard (relative paths, core dumps..)
    cd $basedir

    echo $echo_n "Starting MySQL"
    if test -x $bindir/mysqld_safe
    then
        # Give extra arguments to mysqld with the my.cnf file. This script
        # may be overwritten at next upgrade.
        $bindir/mysqld_safe --datadir="$datadir" --pid-
file="$mysqld_pid_file_path" $other_args >/dev/null 2>&1 &

```

```

wait_for_pid created "$!" "$mysqld_pid_file_path"; return_value=$?

# Make lock for RedHat / SuSE
if test -w "$lockdir"
then
    touch "$lock_file_path"
fi

    exit $return_value
else
    log_failure_msg "Couldn't find MySQL server ($bindir/mysqld_safe)"
fi
;;

'stop')
# Stop daemon. We use a signal here to avoid having to know the
# root password.

if test -s "$mysqld_pid_file_path"
then
    mysqld_pid=`cat "$mysqld_pid_file_path"`

    if (kill -0 $mysqld_pid 2>/dev/null)
    then
        echo $echo_n "Shutting down MySQL"
        kill $mysqld_pid
        # mysqld should remove the pid file when it exits, so wait for it.
        wait_for_pid removed "$mysqld_pid" "$mysqld_pid_file_path";
return_value=$?
    else
        log_failure_msg "MySQL server process #$mysqld_pid is not
running!"
        rm "$mysqld_pid_file_path"
    fi

# Delete lock for RedHat / SuSE
if test -f "$lock_file_path"
then
    rm -f "$lock_file_path"
fi
    exit $return_value
else
    log_failure_msg "MySQL server PID file could not be found!"

```

```

fi
;;

'restart')
    # Stop the service and regardless of whether it was
    # running or not, start it again.
    if $0 stop $other_args; then
        $0 start $other_args
    else
        log_failure_msg "Failed to stop running server, so refusing to try to
start."
        exit 1
    fi
;;

'reload'|'force-reload')
    if test -s "$mysqld_pid_file_path" ; then
        read mysqld_pid < "$mysqld_pid_file_path"
        kill -HUP $mysqld_pid && log_success_msg "Reloading service MySQL"
        touch "$mysqld_pid_file_path"
    else
        log_failure_msg "MySQL PID file could not be found!"
        exit 1
    fi
;;

'status')
    # First, check to see if pid file exists
    if test -s "$mysqld_pid_file_path" ; then
        read mysqld_pid < "$mysqld_pid_file_path"
        if kill -0 $mysqld_pid 2>/dev/null ; then
            log_success_msg "MySQL running ($mysqld_pid)"
            exit 0
        else
            log_failure_msg "MySQL is not running, but PID file exists"
            exit 1
        fi
    else
        # Try to find appropriate mysqld process
        mysqld_pid=`pidof $libexecdir/mysqld`
        if test -z $mysqld_pid ; then
            if test -f "$lock_file_path" ; then
                log_failure_msg "MySQL is not running, but lock file
($lock_file_path) exists"

```

```
        exit 2
    fi
    log_failure_msg "MySQL is not running"
    exit 3
else
    log_failure_msg "MySQL is running but PID file could not be found"
    exit 4
fi
fi
;;
*)
    # usage
    basename=`basename "$0"`
    echo "Usage: $basename {start|stop|restart|reload|force-
reload|status} [ MySQL server options ]"
    exit 1
;;
esac

exit 0
```